

Overcoming barriers to digitalise agricultural systems in the developing world

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Platform for
Big Data
in Agriculture

bigdata.cgiar.org

[#BigDataInAg](https://twitter.com/BigDataInAg)

26 - 63

FUTURE FARMS

small and smart

SURVEY DRONES

Aerial drones survey the fields, mapping weeds, yield and soil variation. This enables precise application of inputs, mapping spread of pernicious weed blackgrass could increase wheat yields by 2-5%.

FLEET OF AGRIBOTS

A herd of specialised agribots tend to crops, weeding, fertilising and harvesting. Robots capable of microdot application of fertiliser reduce fertiliser cost by 99.9%.



FARMING DATA

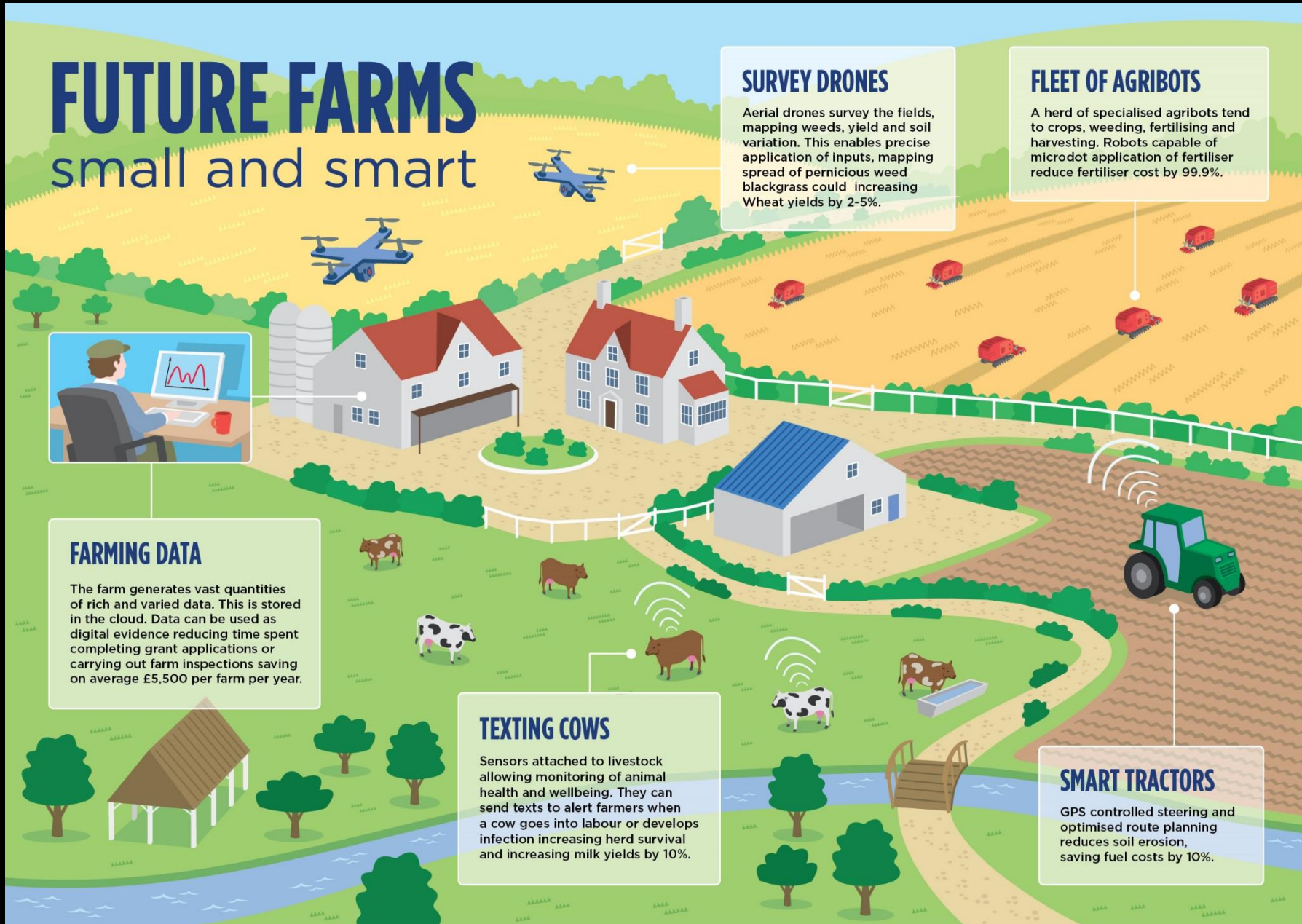
The farm generates vast quantities of rich and varied data. This is stored in the cloud. Data can be used as digital evidence reducing time spent completing grant applications or carrying out farm inspections saving on average £5,500 per farm per year.

TEXTING COWS

Sensors attached to livestock allowing monitoring of animal health and wellbeing. They can send texts to alert farmers when a cow goes into labour or develops infection increasing herd survival and increasing milk yields by 10%.

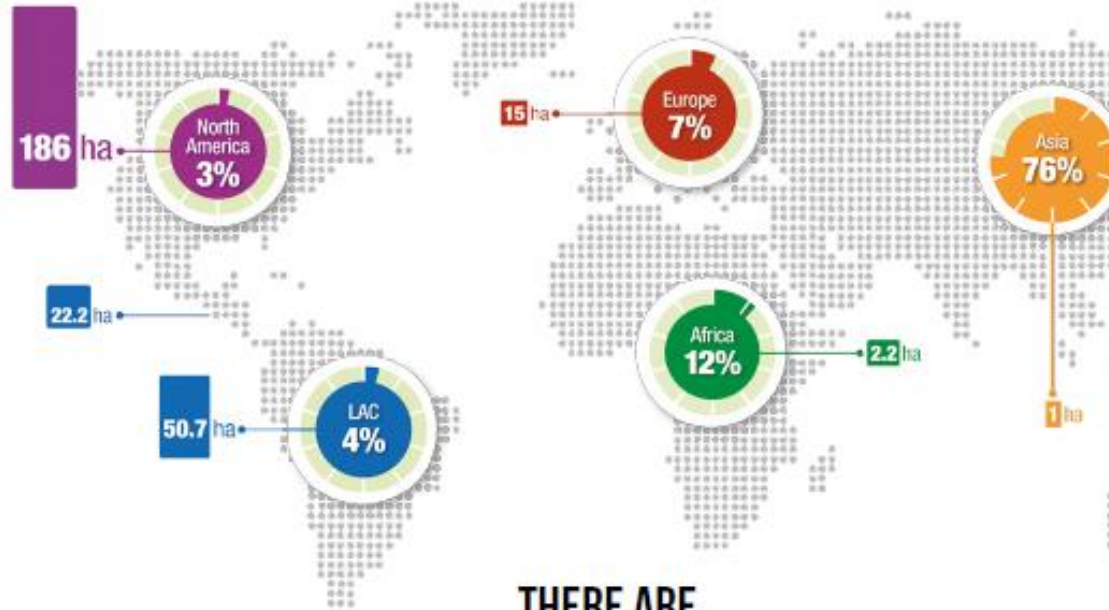
SMART TRACTORS

GPS controlled steering and optimised route planning reduces soil erosion, saving fuel costs by 10%.





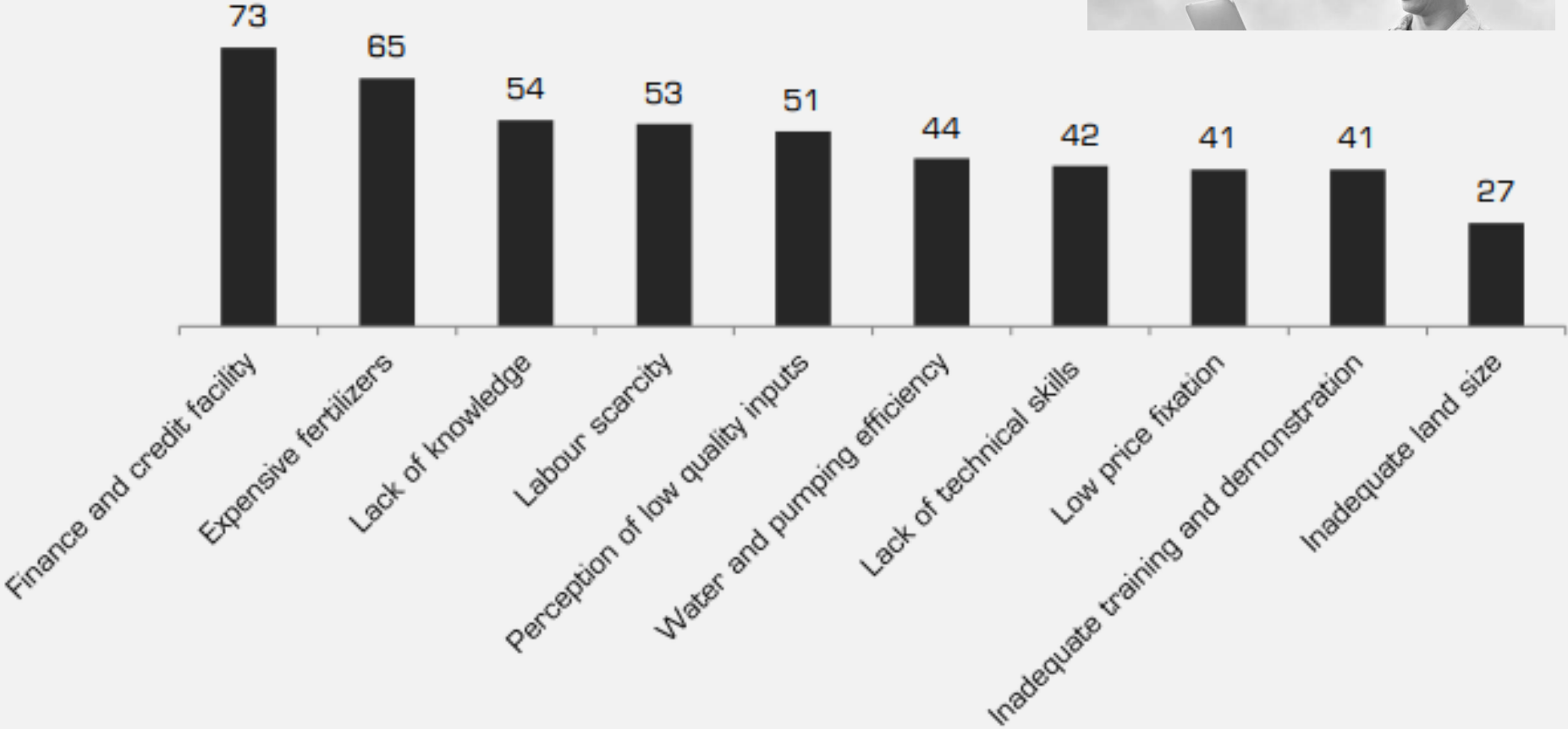
#fact



THERE ARE
570 MILLION FARMS
IN THE WORLD
**72% ARE SMALLER
THAN 1 HECTARE**

Constraints in Adoption of Precision Farming

Mean Garrett's Score



#UntappedPotential

**AGRICULTURE IS
#23 OUT OF 23
SECTORS
IN TERMS OF
DIGITALIZATION
IN THE USA**



4 major changes



#fact

6 BILLION PEOPLE HAVE
MOBILE PHONES,
MORE THAN PEOPLE
HAVING ACCESS TO A TOILET
=
GAME CHANGER
FOR DATA COLLECTION AND
INFORMATION DISSEMINATION



#fact

GODDARD SPACE FLIGHT CENTER
LISTS

2,271

SATELLITES

CURRENTLY
IN ORBIT



Compare detailed crop inventories and crop health for inaccessible areas like Syria across years





Smart, cheap sensors, Internet
of Things



Analytical capacity

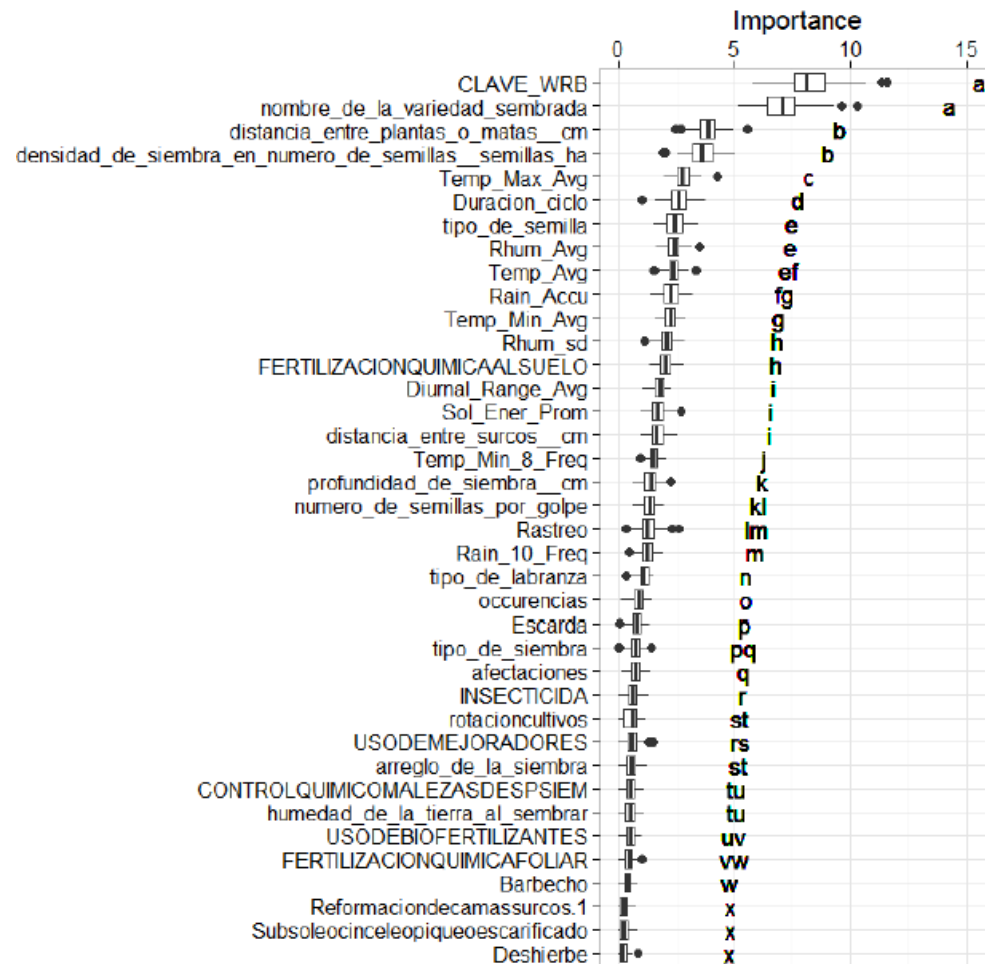
Rainfed maize

N=496

Model: Random Forest

n=2000, mtry=p/3, 100 runs

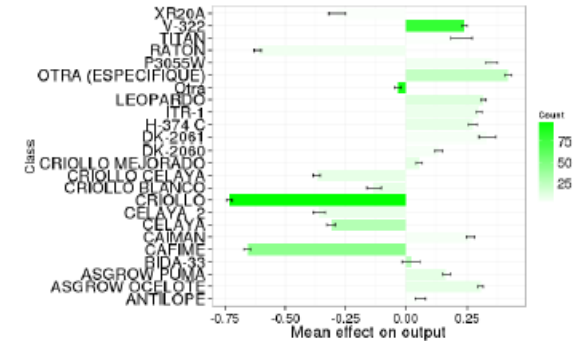
mean $R^2=65.2\%$



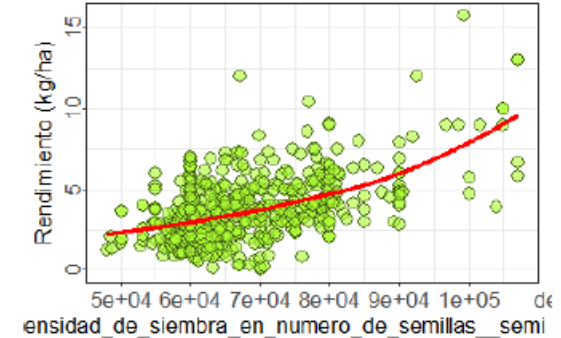
Most relevant variables

Soil class: ... but... proxy variable with many categories. Need further characterization with functional variables to enable a clustering

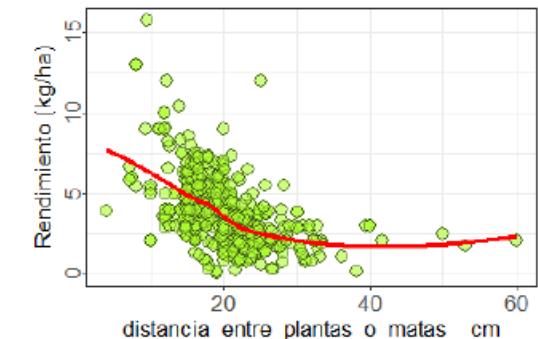
Cultivar: many categories, might need a classification



Sowing density



Distance between plants on a row



So what is holding it
back?

#fact

**EVERY YEAR,
CGIAR SURVEYS**

180,000

**SMALLHOLDER
FARMERS**

Problem and Demand Definition	Capacity and Culture		Governance		Partnerships	Risks	
U User Research						Pr Privacy Concerns	
C Causes and Context					Od Open by Default (and other principles)	Ds Data Security	
Rf Refinement	Pu Public Infrastructure	Se Skills & Expertise			Fi Freedom of Information and other Policies	I Intermediaries	Dm Poor decision-making due to faulty information
Bg Benefit and Goals	Lp Tech Literacy & Internet Penetration	Fl Feedback Loops			M Performance Metrics	Dq Data Quality	De Domain Experts
Da Data Audit and Inventory	Rb Cultural/ Institutional Roadblocks	Rs Resource Availability and Sustainability	Rm Risk Mitigation	R Responsiveness	Co Collaborators	Ow Open washing	

<http://odim pact.org/>

Take out your cellphone

You have 60 seconds....

Tell me something that might help me
make a decision in the next 24 hours

PERSONALIZATION

This is Imelda – she is a coffee farmer and lives in Pescador, Cauca. Tell her something useful....



Getting sustained, personalized information services to farmers: Public Extension



Preliminary data shows that successful ICT-enabled RAS could drive...



>50%

greater adoption
rates



30-40%

increase in yields



20-25%

increase in
farmer income



30-45x

return in farmer income / dollar
invested



10x

cost savings for public
systems

SOURCE: Yield, income, ROI and cost targets are aspirational targets estimated for RAS investments based on evidence from existing models and dimensions of BMGF proposed investment. Dalberg study provides detailed data and methodology on impact and cost-effectiveness of RAS models.

+ supporting private sector
services to establish





Needs new partnerships, new capacity





CGIAR

Platform for
Big Data
in Agriculture



Platform for
Big Data
in Agriculture

to solve agricultural
development problems faster,
better and at greater scale

Platform by name,
Innovation Hub by nature

ORGANIZE



CONVENE



INSPIRE



Inspire Challenges 2017

- We identified 4 topics which are ripe for disruption
- US\$100k innovation prizes
- 12 month grants
- Risky ideas a plus
- Novel partnerships promoted



Take our challenges now!

- Revealing Food Systems
- Monitoring Pests and Diseases
- Disrupting Impact Assessment
- Empowering Data-Driven Farming

In summary....

- Huge promise, but only handful of success stories in smallholder systems. Plenty to learn! Fail forwards.
- Need for appropriate technology for smallholder systems: new business models
- Some of the challenges include:
 - Kickstarting a sustainable data ecosystem (requires institutional change)
 - Capacity building a new generation of agricultural scientists and field agronomists
 - Providing the enabling environment for services to be successful
 - Generating robust evidence on value for money, impact on gender/youth
- Enormously exciting!



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